- 6. An office building supplied with a 415 Volts, 50 Hz 3-phase supply has the following installed loads:
 - (i) Two hundred and forty, 85 Watts twin fluorescent luminaires
 - (ii) One, 21 KW underfloor heating system
 - (iii) Twelve, 32A ring final circuits
 - (iv) Three, 3-phase 20 KW, induction motors each having an efficiency of 90% a power factor of 0.75 lagging
 - (v) Six, 12 KW, single-phase cooking appliances
 - (vi) Twelve, 2 KW thermostatically controlled water-heaters.
 - (a) Calculate the maximum demand of each load.

(5 marks)

- (b) Divide each load over the three phases of the supply to obtain as far as possible balanced load over the whole installation. (4 marks)
- (c) Calculate the type and size of switchgear required for each circuit. (5 marks)
- (d) Show in a line diagram the layout of the switchboard and switchgear. (6 marks)
- (e) Calculate the size of Busbar Chamber and Main Switchgear. (5 marks)

END OF PAPER

4

EXAMINATION: AUTHORISATION B

Paper II (Electrical Installation Technology)

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs

July 2017

WRITE ALL YOUR WORK ON THE ANSWER BOOK PROVIDED. EVERY ANSWER SHOULD INCLUDE ALL WORKINGS, NECESSARY DIAGRAMS AND FORMULAE.

START EACH ANSWER ON A FRESH PAGE.

1.	(a)	Explain briefly why temporary electrical installation on building sites s	should	be
		designed to at least the same standard as a permanent installation. (1	l0 mark	KS)

- (b) For temporary installations on building sites, state the main safety requirements regarding supplies rated at:
 - (i) 25 volts
 - (ii) 110 volts
 - (iii) 240 volts

(5 marks)

- (c) Give examples of equipment which can be connected to the following single phase supply voltages:
 - (i) 25 volts
 - (ii) 110 volts
 - (iii) 240 volts

(5 marks)

- 2. (a) State the purpose for using a motor starter and explain what type of protection is normally included. (3 marks)
 - (b) Describe the following tests that should be carried out in order to ensure the correct operation of:

(i) The under-voltage release

(6 marks)

(ii) The over current release

(7 marks)

(4 marks)

(iii) The time delay feature in a push-button type starter for a

3-phase, three wire, cage-type motor

3. Describe briefly, giving sketches if required, of the following types of motor enclosures. State in each case where the enclosure is used and state its advantages.

(i) Open type machine

(4marks)

(ii) The protected type machine

(4 marks)

(iii) The drip proof machine

(4 marks)

(iv) Totally enclosed machine

(4 marks)

What type of motor enclosure would you suggest for a fireworks factory? Give reasons for your answer. (4 marks)

- 4. (a) Explain what is meant by the terms 'Maximum Demand' and 'Diversity Factor' as applied to industrial installations. (4 marks)
 - (b) An electrical installation of a restaurant consists of:
 - one 60 Amp, TP main MCB
 - four 32 Amp, SP MCBs
 - three 16 Amp, SP MCBs
 - one 32 Amp, TP MCB for a lift.

The following load is to be added:

- Nine ring circuits feeding 13 A sockets,
- Six x 3 KW thermostatically controlled water heaters,
- Two x 12 KW 3-phase motors 0.8 p.f., 0.9 efficiency,
- One 3-phase, 32 kVA microwave heating system.
- (i) List the modifications necessary to be carried out on the main distribution board. (8 marks)
- (ii) Assuming a 3-phase 400/230 V supply, explain with the aid of a diagram how the additional load is to be incorporated. (8 marks)
- Many industrial installations require some means of maintaining the electricity supply if the fixed supply fails.
 - Show by means of a well-labelled diagram the fully maintained battery emergency system. Your diagram must show:
 - (i) required transformer
 - (ii) change-over switching
 - (iii) trickle and quick charging system
 - (iv) supervisory alarm system

(10 marks)

- (b) Show by means of a well-labelled diagram a stand-by generator system. Your diagram must show:
 - (i) non-essential loads Busbars
 - (ii) essential loads Busbars
 - (iii) generator set and controls
 - iv) change-over system.

(10 marks)